

# **Cordova for President**

# Moving Forward Together

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#### The United States Constitution

Article II, Section 1 of the U.S. Constitution imposes only three eligibility requirements on persons serving as president, based on the officeholder's age, time of residency in the U.S., and citizenship status:

#### U.S. Constitution - Presidential Candidate Eligibility

"No person except a natural born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty-five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States."

## The Sovereignty in Information Act

A Bill to affirm that foreign governments have no constitutional standing under the First Amendment, to prohibit the misuse of free speech protections by corporate entities enabling foreign influence, and to safeguard the sovereignty of the American people over information.

#### **Section 1. Short Title**

This Act may be cited as the "Sovereignty in Information Act of 2025."

### **Section 2. Findings and Purpose**

#### **Findings:**

- 1. The First Amendment was written to protect **the people** of the United States not foreign governments.
- 2. Foreign states, their agencies, and their contractors have no constitutional standing under U.S. law to claim free speech protections.
- 3. U.S. corporations have misused the First Amendment to justify accepting payments from foreign governments for propaganda, framing these transactions as "protected speech."
- 4. This distortion of the Constitution undermines national sovereignty and allows foreign agendas to colonize American minds.

#### **Purpose:**

The purpose of this Act is to:





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- Codify that foreign governments and their agents cannot claim First Amendment protections.
- Prevent corporations from hiding behind constitutional protections while serving foreign influence operations.
- Strengthen U.S. sovereignty by ensuring that freedom of speech remains a right of the people, not a tool of foreign powers.

#### **Section 3. Definitions**

- 1. **"Foreign government"** includes any foreign state, political subdivision, official body, or agent acting on behalf of such government.
- 2. "Corporation" means any entity incorporated or operating within the United States, including subsidiaries of foreign-owned corporations.
- 3. "Foreign propaganda" means any communication, message, or campaign funded, directed, or influenced by a foreign government with the intent to shape American public opinion or policy.

#### **Section 4. Constitutional Clarification**

- 1. The First Amendment shall not be construed to provide speech protections to foreign governments, their agencies, or their agents.
- 2. Any claim of constitutional protection for foreign propaganda shall be deemed **invalid as** a matter of law.

## Section 5. Corporate Accountability

- 1. No corporation may invoke the First Amendment to defend the acceptance, distribution, or facilitation of foreign propaganda.
- 2. Corporations found to have knowingly distributed foreign propaganda while invoking free speech protections shall be subject to:
  - o Civil penalties of not less than \$10,000,000 per violation.
  - o Revocation of federal contracts and licenses.

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#### **Section 6. Government Prohibition**

- 1. No federal, state, or local government agency shall facilitate or defend the dissemination of foreign propaganda under the guise of constitutional protection.
- 2. Any government official found to have knowingly misapplied the First Amendment in defense of foreign propaganda shall be subject to removal from office and permanent disqualification from holding public office.

#### **Section 7. Enforcement**

- 1. The Department of Justice shall have authority to investigate and prosecute violations of this Act.
- 2. The **Office of Information Sovereignty** (established under the Foreign Propaganda Ban Act) shall audit corporate and government compliance.

## **Section 8. Severability**

If any provision of this Act is held unconstitutional, the remainder shall not be affected.

Signed into law: